



POLICY PLATFORM 2019-2020

ABOUT THE STATE COUNCIL ON DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

Close to fifty years ago, the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (DD Act) established in federal statute, State Councils on Developmental Disabilities in each of the 56 states and territories to “promote self-determination, independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion in all aspects of community life” for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD) and their families through advocacy, capacity building and systems change. The Lanterman Act established the California State Council on Developmental Disabilities (Council) to fulfill those rights.

The Council is comprised of 31 members appointed by the Governor, including individuals with I/DD and their families, and representatives from the DD Act partners (Disability Rights California, the 3 University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities), and mandated state agencies that provide services and supports to people with I/DD.

To implement the rights in the DD Act, the Council develops and implements a five-year state plan that contains goals, objectives, strategies and outcomes designed to improve and enhance the availability and quality of services and supports. In addition to the Council’s Sacramento headquarters, regional offices support individuals with I/DD and their families through activities such as advocacy, training, monitoring, and disseminating and collecting public information. The Council works with policymakers and other stakeholders to ensure policies pertaining to the rights of individuals with I/DD are protected and enhanced by ensuring people with I/DD can experience equality of opportunity, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency. These four pillars are enshrined in the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA). The Council supports the full and robust implementation and enhancement of recent federal policies that enshrine the values of the ADA, such as the Workforce Innovation and Opportunities Act (WIOA), Home and Community-Based Services Setting Rule (HCBS), Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) and Achieving Better Life Experience (ABLE) Act.





The Council believes that individuals with I/DD and their families must be included and consulted in all aspects of the policy making process to ensure their needs are adequately and appropriately addressed. The Council works to address disparities in access, outcomes, and quality for all services and supports. The Council believes in ensuring transparency and accountability for state and federal programs providing services and supports to people with I/DD. Furthermore, the Council believes that complexities in the service delivery system must be reduced and that assistance in navigating services and supports should be provided to people with I/DD and their families. The State of California must ensure that funding is used to achieve positive outcomes for individuals with I/DD and their families.

Disparities in services and supports can result in severe health, economic, and quality of life consequences. Accordingly, services and supports must be distributed equitably so that individual needs are met in a culturally appropriate and linguistically competent manner, regardless of race, ethnicity, income, intellectual or physical ability, age, and geographic location. Information and materials shall be provided in plain language and/or alternative formats as requested.

PROMISE OF THE LANTERMAN ACT

The Lanterman Act promises to honor the needs and choices of individuals with I/DD by establishing an array of quality services throughout the state. Services shall support people to live inclusive lives in their communities. Access to needed services and supports must be inclusive and not be limited through, service caps, means testing, median rates, family cost participation fees or other financial barriers. California must not impose artificial limitations, delays or reductions in community-based services and supports that would compromise the health and safety of persons with I/DD.

SELF-DETERMINATION

Individuals with I/DD and their families must be given the option to select and direct their service dollars and their services through Self-Determination. The person with I/DD is in charge. With the support of those they choose and trust, people with I/DD and their families are empowered to develop their own unique needs, develop their own life goals, and construct those services and supports most appropriate to reach their full potential. The process begins with a Person Centered Plan (PCP) which details their unique needs, competencies, and aspirations. Self-Determination gives individuals with I/DD the tools and the basic human right to pursue life, liberty and happiness in the ways that they choose.

SELF-ADVOCACY

Individuals with I/DD must be in charge of their lives and be respected for the choices made. They must be provided the opportunity and support to be heard and be leaders in the service system and society including voting and other civic responsibilities. Self-advocates must have access to training, assistive technology, information and materials in plain language and opportunities to participate in the policy making process.

EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Employment in the community, at least minimum wage or above, is known as competitive integrated employment (CIE). CIE is the priority outcome for working age individuals with I/DD regardless of the severity of their disability. CIE provides every person a chance to build relationships with co-workers, be a part of the community and contribute to the local economies.





It reduces poverty and reliance on state support and leads to greater self-sufficiency. Employers must be prepared and supported to employ people with I/DD. The Council supports the full and robust implementation of California's Employment First Law. Pathways to CIE must be developed and supported for all people with I/DD regardless of severity of disability.

Transition planning should begin as early as possible. Policies and practices must set expectations for integrated employment, microenterprise training, self-employment, and promote collaboration between local agencies, state agencies, and remove barriers to CIE through access to information, benefits counseling, job training, inclusive postsecondary education, and appropriate provider rates that incentivize quality and inclusive employment outcomes. The Council supports the phasing out and elimination of subminimum wage and/or segregated employment for all individuals with I/DD.

TRANSPORTATION

Access to transportation is essential to the education, employment, healthcare and inclusion of individuals with disabilities. Timely accommodations must be available to persons with I/DD that are available to the public at-large. Mobility training must be a standard program among transportation providers to increase the use of available transportation and reduce reliance on costlier segregated systems. Barriers between geographic areas and transportation systems must be addressed so people with I/DD can travel as safely and easily as people without disabilities. Emerging transportation options must be available to persons with I/DD.

HEALTH CARE

Every person must have access to comprehensive, timely, quality, affordable health care, dental care, and wellness services, and access to plain language information and supports to make informed decisions about their health care. This requires informed consent, individualized, appropriate medication, treatments, and an adequate network of health professionals. It also includes people with multiple health care needs, those who require routine preventative care, mental and/or behavioral health treatment, dental care, durable medical equipment, and reproductive health needs. Service system complexities must not delay, reduce or deny access to services. Individuals must be reimbursed for insurance co-pays, co-insurance, and deductibles when their health insurance covers therapies that are on their Individual Program Plans (IPPs).

EDUCATION

Every student has the right to be safe in school and to receive a quality education with their peers that prepares them for post-secondary education and/or meaningful employment in the community. Schools must ensure robust implementation of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), and other federal and state laws and regulations, to ensure that students with I/DD receive a free appropriate public education (FAPE).

Students with disabilities must be educated alongside their peers without disabilities in the least restrictive environment (LRE). Parents must be provided information and training regarding how to access FAPE and LRE. Comprehensive transition planning must be considered part of the





IEP process. School districts and other educational agencies must be held accountable for implementing the letter and the intent of all state and federal laws. Parents and students must have equal participation in the Individual Education Program (IEP) process, including the ability to give informed consent.

Teachers, school leaders, paraprofessionals and other school-based professionals must be trained to use valid, positive, and proactive practices, such as individualized school-wide positive behavior interventions and supports, with fidelity. The needs of the student must not impact the child's placement in the least restrictive environment. The Council opposes the use of all forms of seclusion and restraint.

HOUSING

Statewide inclusive living options for individuals with I/DD must be increased and enhanced through access to housing and subsidies that are paired in a timely manner with needed supports and services. Community education and integration must be provided to reduce discrimination. Permanent, affordable, accessible, and sustained housing options must be continually developed to meet both current and future needs.

COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Individuals with I/DD must have access to and be fully supported to fully participate in their communities, with their peers without disabilities, through opportunities in all areas of community life including but not limited to education, employment, recreation, organizational affiliations, spiritual development, and civic responsibilities.

TRANSITION TO ADULT LIFE

All services, including education, rehabilitation, independent or supported living and regional center services, must support students and adults to transition to competitive integrated employment, post-secondary education or other opportunities that will lead to meaningful employment in the community. Transition services must be considered at the earliest possible opportunity and across the lifespan. Adults with I/DD must have access to meaningful activities of their choice with the appropriate services and supports including aging adults.

SAFETY

All people have a right to be safe. Every person must be provided emergency preparedness training for all types of emergencies or disasters. Individuals with I/DD experience a much greater rate of victimization and a far lower rate of prosecution for crimes against them. The same level of due process protections must be provided to all people. Individuals with I/DD should be trained in personal safety, how to protect themselves against becoming victims of crime, and how their participation in identification and prosecution can make a difference. In addition, too many interactions between law enforcement and people with I/DD end in avoidable tragedy. Law enforcement personnel, first responders, emergency medical professionals and the judicial system must be trained in how to work with people with I/DD during the course of their duties, including those who are suspects, victims or witnesses of crimes. The Council opposes the use of all forms of seclusion and restraint.





QUALITY AND RATES FOR SERVICES AND SUPPORTS

Having access to and receiving quality services and supports is the cornerstone for people with I/DD to be safe, healthy, and to promote self-determination, interdependence, and inclusion in . An adequate safety net must be in place to immediately and timely address medical, mental health, behavioral, residential, staffing, equipment, or other needs when those services or supports fail, are interrupted, are not available, or additional services and supports are necessary for urgent or immediate need.

The state must streamline burdensome and duplicative regulations and processes that do not lead to positive inclusive outcomes for people with I/DD and their families. Quality and timely assessment and oversight must be provided. The state must measure what matters, be administered in a culturally competent manner and the results made public and used to improve the system of services and supports.

The state must restore and provide ongoing monitoring of rates to adequately support the availability of quality services for people with I/DD. A planned and systematic approach to rate adjustments must prioritize and incentivize services and supports.

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